

# Safety Data Sheet

# **Epoxy 1500**

## **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

**Product Identifier** 

**Epoxy 1500** 

Other Identification

epoxy primer

**Product Family** 

epoxy resin

Manufacturer

Glass-Shield, 111 Bombardier, Chateauguay, Quebec, J6J 4Z2, H&S Department,

1-800-361-6652

Emergency Phone No. CANUTEC, 1-613-996-6666, 24 hours

SDS No.

0072

Date of Preparation

mars 14, 2017

## **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### **GHS Classification**

Flammable liquid - Category 2; Acute toxicity (Inhalation) - Category 2; Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2; Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 1; Aspiration hazard - Category 1; Aquatic hazard (Acute) - Category 2

### **GHS Label Elements**







## Signal Word:

Danger

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage.

Toxic to aquatic life.

Prevention:

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor

Wear respiratory protection (NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or supplied air respirator).

## SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Mixture:

Chemical Name	CAS No.	%	Other Identifiers
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	10-30%	
2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4	5-10%	

Product Identifier:

**Epoxy 1500** 

Date of Preparation:

mars 14, 2017

Page 01 of 07

1-Butanol	71-36-3	1-5%	
Acetone	67-64-1	1-5%	
Ethyl Benzene	100-41-4	1-5%	
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	1-5%	
Light aromatic solvent naphtha	64742-95-6	1-5%	

## **SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

#### First-aid Measures

#### Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by Poison Centre or doctor. Take precautions to prevent a fire (e.g. remove sources of ignition).

#### Skin Contact

Wash gently and thoroughly with lukewarm, gently flowing water and mild soap for 5 minutes. Call a Poison Centre or doctor if you feel unwell or are concerned.

#### **Eye Contact**

Immediately rinse the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15-20 minutes, while holding the eyelid(s) open. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

#### Ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Do not induce vomiting. Immediately call a Poison Centre or doctor.

#### **First-aid Comments**

Some of the first-aid procedures recommended here require advanced first-aid training.

## **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### **Extinguishing Media**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, appropriate foam, water spray or fog.

#### Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Water is not effective for extinguishing a fire. It may not cool product below its flash point.

#### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Reactive flammable. Heating increases the release of toxic vapour.

In a fire, the following hazardous materials may be generated: flammable chemicals; irritating chemicals; toxic chemicals; very toxic carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

#### Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters

Use extreme caution. Fight fire from a safe distance or a protected location.

### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures

Evacuate the area immediately. Isolate the hazard area. Keep out unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled product unless wearing appropriate protective equipment. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use grounded, explosion-proof equipment.

### **Environmental Precautions**

It is good practice to prevent releases into the environment. Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any waterway. If the spill is inside a building, prevent product from entering drains, ventilation systems and confined areas.

## Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Stop or reduce leak if safe to do so. Contain and soak up spill with absorbent that does not react with spilled product. Do not use absorbents. Contain spill using noncombustible material such as vermiculite, earth or sand. Collect using shovel/scoop or approved HEPA vacuum and place in a suitable container for disposal.

Product Identifier:

**Epoxy 1500** 

Date of Preparation:

mars 14, 2017

Page 02 of 07

## Other Information

Report spills to local health, safety and environmental authorities, as required.

## **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Prevent all skin contact. Obtain special instructions before use. Only use where there is adequate ventilation. Avoid release to the environment. Immediately report leaks, spills or failures of the safety equipment (e.g. ventilation system).

### **Conditions for Safe Storage**

Store in an area that is: cool, temperature-controlled, dry, well-ventilated, clear of combustible and flammable materials (e.g. old rags, cardboard). Restrict access to authorized personnel only.

## **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Control Parameters**

	ACGIH TLV®		OSHA PEL		AIHA WEEL	
Chemical Name	TWA	STEL	TWA	Ceiling	8-hr TWA	TWA
2-Methoxyethanol	100 ppm A4	150 ppm A4	100 ppm			
Acetone	25 ppm	125 ppm	100 ppm			
Xylene (mixed isomers)	20 ppm	20 ppm	20 ppm			
Ethyl Benzene	150 ppm	200 ppm	150 ppm			
n-Butyl acetate	500 ppm A4	750 ppm A4	750 ppm			
1-Butanol	100 ppm	100 ppm	100 ppm			
Light aromatic solvent naphtha	0,1 ppm	Not established	25 ppm			

### **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored. Control static electricity discharges which includes bonding of equipment to ground. Provide eyewash and safety shower if contact or splash hazard exists.

#### **Individual Protection Measures**

#### **Eye/Face Protection**

Wear chemical safety goggles.

#### **Skin Protection**

Wear chemical protective clothing e.g. gloves, aprons, boots.

Nitrile rubber.

#### Respiratory Protection

Wear a NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge.

## SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## **Basic Physical and Chemical Properties**

Appearance Colourless. Particle Size: Not applicable

Odour Ethereal
Odour Threshold Not available
pH Not applicable

Melting Point/Freezing Point Not available (melting); -95 °C (freezing)

Initial Boiling Point/Range56 °CFlash Point-18 °CEvaporation Rate1

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available

Product Identifier:

**Epoxy 1500** 

Date of Preparation:

mars 14, 2017

Page 03 of 07

Upper/Lower Flammability or

**Explosive Limit** 

13% (upper); 2% (lower)

Explosive Filling

Vapour Pressure

> 25 kPa

Vapour Density (air = 1)

>= 2

Relative Density (water = 1)

1

Solubility

Soluble in water; Soluble in all proportions in common organic solvents.

Partition Coefficient,

n-Octanol/Water (Log Kow)

Not available

**Auto-ignition Temperature** 

465 °C

**Decomposition Temperature** 

Not available

**Viscosity** 

Not available (kinematic); Not available (dynamic)

Other Information

**Physical State** 

Liquid

Molecular Formula
Molecular Weight

Not available

Molecular Weight Bulk Density

Not available Not available

Surface Tension
Critical Temperature

Not available

Electrical Conductivity

Not available Not available

Vapour Pressure at 50 deg C

Not available

**Saturated Vapour Concentration** 

Not available

## **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### Reactivity

May cause or intensify fire.

#### **Chemical Stability**

Normally stable.

#### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Reacts in the presence of acidic conditions (low pH).

## **Conditions to Avoid**

Open flames, sparks, static discharge, heat and other ignition sources. Acidic conditions (low pH). Incompatible materials. Temperatures above 40 °C

#### Incompatible Materials

Organic acids (e.g. acetic acid).

Not corrosive to metals.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Very toxic carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

## **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## **Acute Toxicity**

Chemical Name	LC50	LD50 (oral)	LD50 (dermal)
2-Methoxyethanol	6700 ppm (rat) (4-hour exposure)	3523 mg/kg (rat)	Not available
Acetone	4000 ppm (rat) (4-hour exposure)	3500 mg/kg (rat)	15380 mg/kg (rabbit)
Xylene (mixed isomers)	< 8000 ppm (rat) (4-hour exposure)	2510 mg/kg	4200 mg/kg (rabbit)

Product Identifier:

Epoxy 1500

Date of Preparation:

mars 14, 2017

Page 04 of 07

Ethyl Benzene	2000 ppm (rat) (4-hour exposure)	12700 mg/kg (male rat)	< 5000 mg/kg (rabbit)
n-Butyl acetate	30000 ppm (male rat) (4-hour exposure)	6700 mg/kg (male rat)	< 15800 mg/kg (rabbit)
1-Butanol	> 14.4 mg/L (rat) (4-hour exposure)	8400 mg/kg (rat)	> 3160 mg/kg (rabbit)
Light aromatic solvent naphtha	1960 ppm (mouse) (4-hour exposure)	2460 mg/kg (rat)	1300 mg/kg (rabbit)

#### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Human experience shows moderate or severe irritation.

#### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Human experience and animal tests show mild irritation.

## STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Single Exposure

#### Inhalation

May be harmful based on animal tests.

#### **Skin Absorption**

Harmful based on human experience and animal tests.

## Ingestion

Based on human experience and animal tests.

#### **Aspiration Hazard**

Symptoms may include coughing, choking, shortness of breath, difficult or rapid breathing, and wheezing.

## STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Repeated Exposure

Based on studies in people and animals.

## Respiratory and/or Skin Sensitization

Not known to be a respiratory sensitizer.

## Carcinogenicity

Chemical Name	IARC	ACGIH®	NTP	OSHA
2-Methoxyethanol	Group 3			
Acetone	Not evaluated			
Xylene (mixed isomers)	Not evaluated	Not designated	Not Listed	
Ethyl Benzene	Not evaluated			
1-Butanol	Not evaluated			

#### Reproductive Toxicity

#### **Development of Offspring**

No information was located.

#### **Sexual Function and Fertility**

No information was located.

#### Effects on or via Lactation

No information was located.

## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

. (n-Butyl acetate)

## Persistence and Degradability

Does not degrade rapidly based on quantitative tests.

#### **Bioaccumulative Potential**

This product and its degradation products are not known to bioaccumulate.

Product Identifier:

Epoxy 1500

Date of Preparation:

mars 14, 2017

Page 05 of 07

## **Mobility in Soil**

If released into the environment, this product can move rapidly through the soil.

#### Other Adverse Effects

This product contains volatile organic compounds.

## **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### **Disposal Methods**

Recycle and reuse product, if possible. Contact local environmental authorities for approved disposal or recycling methods in your jurisdiction. Dispose of or recycle empty containers through an approved waste management facility.

## **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Regulation	UN No.	Proper Shipping Name	Transport Hazard Class(es)	Packing Group
US DOT	1263	Epoxy 1500	3	II

**Special Precautions** 

Not applicable

for User

Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

## **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations

#### Canada

#### WHMIS Classification





Class B2

Class D2B

B2 - Flammable Liquid; D2B - Toxic

Domestic Substances List (DSL) / Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)

Listed on the DSL.

**CEPA - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)** 

Part 1A.

### USA

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 8(b)

All ingredients are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

## **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Key to Abbreviations ACGIH® = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA = American Industrial Hygiene Association HSDB® = Hazardous Substances Data Bank

IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer

NFPA = National Fire Prevention Association

NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP = National Toxicology Program

OSHA = US Occupational Safety and Health Administration RTECS® = Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

Product Identifier:

Epoxy 1500

Date of Preparation:

mars 14, 2017

Page 06 of 07

Product Identifier:

Epoxy 1500

Date of Preparation:

mars 14, 2017

Page 07 of 07

